Layout-DesignsofIntegratedCircuitsAct1999 (No.3of1999)

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ThefollowingActwaspassedbyParliamenton20thJanuary1999andassentedtoby thePresidenton26thJanuary1999: —

Iassent.

OngTengCheong,

President.





26thJanuary1999.

An Act to provide for the pr

Beitenacted by the President with the advice and consent of the Parliament of Singapore, as follows:

PartI Preliminary

ShortTitleandCommencement

1.ThisActmaybecitedastheLayout -DesignsofIntegratedCircuitsAct1999and shallcomeintooperationonsuchdateastheMinistermay,bynotificationinthe *Gazette*, appoint.

Interpretation

2. —(1)In	thisAct,unlessthecontextotherwiserequires	_

"commerciallyexploit"includes —

- (a)tosell,letforhireorotherwisedistributebywayoftrade;
- (b)toofferorexposeforsaleorhireorotherdistributionbywayoftrade; or
- (c)toimportforth epurposeofsale,lettingforhireorotherdistributionbywayof trade,

and "commercially exploited", "commercially exploiting" and "commercial exploitation" have corresponding meanings;

"Court"meanstheHighCourt;

"creator",inthecaseofacompute raideddesignofalayout -design,meanstheperson whomadethearrangementsforthecreationofthelayout -design;

"exclusivelicence" meansalicence inwriting signed by or on behalf of a qualified owner authorising the licensee, to the exclusion of a lother persons, including the person granting the licence, to exercise a right that would otherwise be exercisable exclusively by the qualified owner;

"integrated circuit" means a product, in its final form or an intermediate form, in which the elements, at least one of which is an active element, and some or all of the interconnections are integrally formed in and on, or in or on, a piece of material and which is intended to perform an electronic function;

"layout-design" means the 3 -dimensional disposition, however expressed, of the elements of an integrated circuit (at least one of which is an active element), and of some or



alloftheinterconnectionsofanintegratedcircuit,orsucha3 -dimensionaldisposition preparedforanintegratedcircuitintend edformanufacture;
"protectedlayout -design" meansalayout -designthatisprotected undersection 5;
"qualifiedowner"means —
(a)aqualifiedpersonwho,undersection6(1),istheownerofalayout -design;or
(b)apersonwho,undersection6(1),i stheownerofalayout -designwhichwasnot commerciallyexploitedanywhereelseintheworldbeforeitwascommerciallyexploitedin Singaporeorinaqualifyingcountry,
andincludesaperson, whether or nothe is a qualified person, who is a successor qualified owner of the layout -design; intitle to a
"qualifiedperson"means —
(a)anaturalperson —
(i) who is an ational of, or is domiciled or ordinarily resident in Singapore or in a qualifying country; or
(ii)whohasarealandeffectiveindustria lorcommercialestablishmentforthecreation oflayout -designsorfortheproductionofintegratedcircuitsinSingaporeorinaqualifying country;or
(b)apersonotherthananaturalperson —
(i)theplaceofincorporationorplaceofformationofw hichisinSingaporeorina qualifyingcountry;or
(ii)whichhasarealandeffectiveindustrialorcommercialestablishmentforthe creationoflayout -designsorfortheproductionofintegratedcircuitsinSingaporeorina qualifyingcountry,
and in cludes the Government and the government of a qualifying country;
"qualifyingcountry"means —
(a) a country or territory, other than Singapore, which is a member of the World Trade Organisation; or
(b)acountryorterritorydesignatedbytheMinisteru ndersection31.
(2)Alayout -designshallbetakentohavebeencommerciallyexploitedifthe layout-design,acopyofthelayout -designoranintegratedcircuitinwhichthelayout -design isincorporated(whetherornottheintegratedcircuitiscontain edinanotherarticle)is commerciallyexploited.
(3)Areferencetodoinganactinrelationtoalayout doingthatactinrelationtoasubstantialpartofthelayout -designincludesareferenceto -design.





(4)Areferencetoacopyofalayout -designi ncludesareferencetoacopyofa substantialpartofthelayout -design.

NoProtectionforIdeas

3.ThisActshallnotapplyinrelationtoanyidea,procedure,process,system,method of operation,concept,principleordiscovery,regardlessoftheform inwhichitisdescribed, explained,illustratedorembodiedinalayout -design.

ActBindstheGovernment

4.ThisActbindstheGovernment.

PartII ProtectionofLayout -Designs

ProtectedLayout -Designs

- **5.**—(1)ThisActprotectsalayout -designthatisownedbyaqualifiedownerand -
- (a) is original in the sense that it is the result of its creator's own in tellectual effort and is not common place among creators of layout -designs and manufacturers of integrated circuits at the time of its creation; or
- (b)inthecaseofalayout -designthatconsistsofacombinationofelements and interconnections that are common place, the combination, taken as awhole, is original in the sense that it is the result of its creator's own intellectual effort and is not common place among creators of layout -designs and manufacturers of integrated circuits at the time of its creation.
- (2)Actprotectsallindependentlycreatedlayout -designsreferredtoinsubsection(1), eveniftheyareidenticaland,subjecttosection7, regardlessofwhentheyare,onorafterthe commencementofthisAct,created.
- (3)ThisActdoesnotprotectalayout -designthatiscreatedbeforethecommencement of thisAct.
- (4) Alayout -designshall be deemed not to have been created until it has been recorded indocumentary formorin corporated into an integrated circuit, which ever is earlier.

OwnershipofLayout -Design

- $\textbf{6.} \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{--} (1) Subject to any agreement to the contrary, the owner of a layout \\ -- design shall be \\ determined as follows: \\$
- (a) wherethelayo ut-designisnotcreated in pursuance of a commission or in the course of employment, the creator of a layout -designist heowner;
- (b) where the layout design is created in pursuance of a commission, the person who commission ed the layout design is the owner; and





- (c) where the layout -design is not created in pursuance of a commission but is created by an employee in the course of his employment, the employer is the owner.
- (2) A qualified person can be a qualified owner even if he shares owner ship with a person who is not a qualified person.
- (3)Wherealayout -designisownedbymorethanoneperson,referencesintheActto theowneraretoalltheownersandreferencesintheActtothequalifiedowneraretoallthe qualifiedownerssothatinparticu lar,anyrequirementoftheconsentofaqualifiedowner requirestheconsentofallthequalifiedowners.

DurationofProtection

- 7. Alayout -designceases to be a protected layout -design—
- (a) if it is first commercially exploited within 5 calendary ears after the calendary ear in which it was created, at the end of the tenth calendary ear after the calendary ear in which it was first commercially exploited;
- (b)inanyothercase,attheendoftheperiodof15calendaryearsafterthecalendar yearinw hichitwascreated.

PartIII Layout-DesignRightsandInfringementAction

RightsofQualifiedOwner

8. Aqualified owner has the following rights:

(a)tocopy,andtoauthorisethecopyingof,allorpartofhisprotectedlayout -design, whetherbyincor porationintoanintegratedcircuitorotherwise;

(b)tocommercially exploit, and to authorise the commercial exploitation of, his protected layout -design.

Infringement

9.SubjecttotheprovisionsofthisAct,itisaninfringementofaqualifiedowner inaprotectedlayout -designforanypersontodoanyoftheactsreferredtoinsection8 withouttheconsentofthequalifiedowner.

'sright

Non-InfringingActs

10.Itisnotaninfringementofaqualifiedowner'srightinaprotectedlayout -d

-design—

(a) if the copying isofany part of a protected layout the requirement of originality referred to in section 5(1);

-designthatdoesnotcomplywith





- (b)ifthecopyingisdoneforaprivatepurposeandnotforthepurposeofcommercial exploitation;
- (c) if the copying is done for the sole purpose of evaluation, analysis, research or teaching;
- (d)tousetheresultsofsuchevaluation, analysisorresearch tocreate a different layout-design that complies with the requirement of originality referred to in section 5(1);
- (e)todoanyoftheactsreferredtoinsection8inrespectofthelayout -designreferred toinparagraph(d);
 - (f) for a qualified owner of another protected layout -design—
 - (i)thatisidenticaltothefirst -mentionedprotectedlayout -design; and
 - (ii)thatisindependentlycreated,

todoanyoftheactsreferredtoinsection8inrespectofthatotherlayout -design;or

(g)tocommercially exploit acopy of the protected layout -design, an integrated circuit in which the layout -design is incorporated or an article that contains an integrated circuit in which the layout -design is incorporated after the copy, integrated circuit or article has been commercially exploited, whether in Singapore or elsewhere, by or with the consent of, the qualified owner.

InnocentInfringement

- $\textbf{11.} \hspace{-0.1cm} \hspace{-0.1cm} \textbf{(1)} The rights of a qualified owner in a protected layout design are not infringed by a person who commercially exploits, or authorises the commercial exploitation of ---$
 - (a)acopyoftheprotectedlayout -design;
- (b) an unauthorised integrated circuit, being an integrated circuit in which the protected layout-design is incorporated; or
 - (c)anarticlethatcontainssuchanintegratedcircuit,

if, at the time when the personacquired the copy, integrated circuit or article, the persondid not know, and could not be reasonably expected to have known, that the copy was unauthorised, the integrated circuit was unauthorised or that the article contained an unauthorised integrated circuit, as the case may be.

(2)Wher eapersonreferredtoinsubsection(1)becomesawareorcouldreasonablybe expectedtobecomeawarethatthecopywasunauthorised,theintegratedcircuitwas unauthorisedorthatthearticlecontainsanunauthorisedintegratedcircuit,asthecasemay be, thatsubsectioncontinuestoapplytoanysubsequentcommercialexploitationofthecopy, integratedcircuitorarticleifandonlyifhepaystothequalifiedownersuchremuneration —

(i)asisagreed;





(ii)asisdeterminedbyamethodagreedbetwee nthepersonandthequalifiedowner; or
(iii) in default of agreement, as is determined by the Courton an application made by either of them.
(3)Inthissection —
(a)acopyofaprotectedlayout -designisunauthorisedifitismadewithouttheconse nt ofthequalifiedownerofthelayout -design;
(b) an integrated circuit which incorporates a protected layout -design is unauthorise diffusion corporation is done without the consent of the qualified owner of the layout -design.
RemediesforInfringement
12. —(1)Aqualifiedownermaytakewhateverproceedingsandseekwhateverremedy bywayofdamages,injunctions,accountsorotherwisewithrespecttoaninfringementofhis rightsinaprotectedlayout -designasareavailablewithrespecttoanyotherp ropertyrights.
(2)Inanyproceedingsinwhichdamagesmaybeawarded,theCourtmay,having regardtoallofthecircumstancesofthecaseincludingtheflagrancyoftheinfringementand anybenefitaccruingtothedefendantbyreasonoftheinfringemen t,awardadditional damages.
Order for Delivery Up
13. —(1)Whereapersonhasinhispossession,custodyorcontrol —
$\it (a) for commercial exploitation purposes an integrated circuit in which a protected layout-design is incorporated; or$
(b)anyarticlew hichthepersonknowsorhasreasontobelievehasbeenoristobe predominantlyusedtomakeintegratedcircuitsinwhichaprotectedlayout -designis incorporated,
a qualified owner of the protected layout - design may apply to the Court for an order that the integrated circuit or article referred to in paragraph (b) be delivered to the qualified owner or to another person that the Court specifies.
(2)TheCourtshallnotmakeanorderfordeliveryupunlessitalsomakes,oritappears totheCourtthat therearegroundsformaking,anorderundersection14.
(3)Apersontowhomanintegratedcircuitoranarticlereferredtoinsubsection(1)(b) isdeliveredupshall,ifanorderundersection14isnotmadeatthetimeoftheorderunder thissection ,retaintheintegratedcircuitorarticlependingthemakingofanorder,ora

decisionnottomakeanorder,undersection14.





OrderforDisposal

- **14.**—(1)AnapplicationmaybemadetotheCourtfor —
- (a) an order that the integrated circuitor articled elivered upunder section 13 be for feited to the qualified owner, destroyed or disposed of as the Court specifies; or
 - (b)adecisionthatnoorderbemadeunderparagraph(a).
- (2)Indecidingwhatorderordecisiontomakeundersubsection(1),theCour tshall haveregardtowhetherotherremediesavailabletotheplaintiffwouldbeadequateto compensatetheplaintiffandprotecttheinterestsoftheplaintiff.
- (3) The Court shall is sue directions a stotheservice of notice on persons having an interest in the integrated circuit or article delivered up.
- $(4) Any person having an interest in the integrated circuit or article delivered up is entitle \underline{d}-$
- (a) to appear in proceedings for an order under this section, whether or not the person is served with notice; and
- (b) to appeal against any order made, whether or not that person appears in the proceedings.
- (5) Anordermadeunderthissectionshallnottakeeffectuntil the end of the period within which notice of an appeal may be given or, if beforet heen doft hat period notice of appeal is duly given, until the final determination or abandon ment of the proceedings on the appeal.
- (6)Wherethereismorethanonepersoninterestedintheintegratedcircuitorarticle deliveredup,theCourtmaydirect thattheintegratedcircuitorarticlebesold,orotherwise dealtwith,andtheproceedsdivided,andshallmakeanyotherorderasitthinksfit.
- (7)If the Court decides that no orders hould be made under this section, the person in whose possession, custody or control the integrated circuit or article was before being delivered up is entitled to its return.

Presumption of Protection and Ownership

- **15.**Inanyproceedingstoenforceaqualifiedowner'srightsunderthisPart,itshallbe presumed,unles sadefendantputsthematterinissue,thatinrespectofthelayout -designthat isthesubject -matteroftheproceedings
 - (a)theplaintiffisaqualifiedownerofthelayout -design; and
 - (b)thelayout -designisaprotectedlayout -design.





AffidavitEv idence

- **16.**—(1)Inanyproceedingstoenforceaqualifiedowner's rights under this Part, evidence may be submitted by affidavitas serting facts relevant to show that
 - (a)theplaintiffisaqualifiedownerofthelayout -design; and
 - (b)thelayout -designisaprotectedlayout -design.
- (2) Wherethe Court considers, on the application of a party, that the deponent to an affidavit should be available to be cross examined with respect to matters asserted in the affidavit, it shall exclude the admission of the deponent.

Groundless Threat of Infringement Proceedings

- **17.**—(1)Whereaperson,bymeansofcirculars,advertisementsorotherwise,threatens anotherpersonwithproceedingsinrespectofaninfringementofarig htunderthisPart,then, whetherornotthepersonmakingthethreatisaqualifiedowner,theCourtmay,onthe applicationofapersonaggrieved,dooneormoreofthefollowing:
 - (a)declarethatthethreatisunjustified;
 - (b)grantaninjunctionagai nstthecontinuanceofthethreat;
 - (c)awardcompensationfordamagesustained.
- (2)TheCourtshallnotmakeanyorderundersubsection(1)ifthedefendantsatisfies theCourtthattheactsinrespectofwhichtheproceedingwasthreatenedconstituted, orwould constitute, aninfringementofaqualifiedowner's rightunderthis Part.
- (3) The merenotification of the existence of a right under this Part does not constitute a threat of a proceeding for the purposes of subsection (1).
- (4)Anapplicationmaynotbebroughtunderthissectionwherethethreatistobringa proceedingforaninfringementthatisallegedtoconsistofmakingorimportinganything.
- (5)Nothinginthissectionshallrenderanadvocateandsolicitorliabletoanaction underthi ssectioninrespectofanactdonebyhiminhisprofessionalcapacityonbehalfofa client.

PartIV DealingswithaLayout -DesignRight

AssignmentsandLicencesofLayout -Design

18.—(1)Arightinalayout -designismovablepropertyandistransmissibl ebyany meansbywhichsuchpropertymaybelawfullytransmittedincludingassignment,licence, testamentaryinstrumentandoperationoflaw.





- (2) Anassignmentor transmission may be total or partial.
- (3) Anassignmentisineffectiveunlessitisinwri tingandsignedbyoronbehalfofthe assignor.
- (4) Alicence granted in respect of a layout -design right by a qualified owner binds each successor intitle to his interest in the right, except a purchasering ood faith for value without notice (actual or constructive) of the licence and a person who derives title from the purchaser.

ProspectiveOwnershipofLayout -Design

- 19.—(1)Where, by an agreement made in relation to a future right in a layout design that is signed by or on behalf of the person who would be the owner of the right on its coming into existence, the person purports to assign the future right in the layout design, wholly or partially, to an assignee, the right, on coming into existence, vests in the assignee or his successor in title.
- (2)Where,atthetimewhenalayout -designrightcomesintoexistence,thepersonwho wouldbeentitledtotherightisdead,therightdevolvesasif,immediatelybeforetheperson's death,thepersonhadbeentheowneroftheright.
- (3) Alicencegrante dinrespectofa future layout -design right by a prospective qualified owner binds each successor in title to his interest (or prospective interest) in the right, except a purchasering odd faithfor value without notice (actual or constructive) of the licence and a person who derives title from the purchaser.

ExclusiveLicensee

- **20.**—(1)Anexclusivelicenseehasthesamerightsagainstasuccessorintitletothe qualifiedownerashehasagainstthegrantorofthelicence.
- (2) An exclusive licensee has, except against the qualified owner, the same rights and remedies in respect of matters occurring after the grant of the exclusive licence as if the licence had been an assignment.
- (3)Anexclusivelicensee's rights and remedies are concurrent with those qualified owner.
- (4) Inanyproceedings brought by an exclusive licensee, a defendant may avail himself of any defence that would have been available to him if the proceedings had been brought by the qualified owner.

ExerciseofConcurrentRights

21.—(1)Whereanyproceedingsforinfringementofaqualifiedowner's rightina layout-designisbroughtbyaqualifiedowner oranex clusive licensee and the proceedings relate wholly or partly to an infringement in respect of which they have concurrent rights of





action, neither of them, without leave of the Court, may continue with the proceeding sunless the other is joined as a plaint if for added as a defendant.

- (2) Aqualified owners hall, by postor otherwise, notify any exclusive licensee who has concurrent rights of action in respect of an infringement of a layout -design before applying for an order for delivery upunder section 13, and the Court may, on the application of the exclusive licensee, make a delivery upor der that it considers just havin of the licence.
- (3) Subsection (1) shall not apply to an application by a qualified owner or exclusive licensee for interlocutor yre lief.
- (4) Aqualified owner or exclusive licensee who is added as a defendant pursuant to subsection (1) is not liable for costs in the proceeding sun less hetakes part in the proceedings.
- (5)Whereanyproceedingsforinfringementofaqualifiedowner's rightina layout-designisbroughtandtheproceedingsrelatewhollyorpartlytoaninfringementi n respectof which aqualifiedowner and an exclusive licensee have concurrent rights of action—
- (a) the Courtshall, in assessing damages, take into account the terms of the licence and any pecuniary remedy previously awarded or available to either of the infringement;
- (b) the Courtshall, if an account of profits is directed, apportion the profits between the mast he Court considers just, subject to any agreement between them; and
- (c)the Courtshall not, if an award of damages has been made or an account of profits has been directed in favour of either of them, direct that an account of profits be made in favour of the other in respect of the infringement.
- (6)Subsection(5)shallapplywhetherornotthequalifiedownerandtheex clusive licenseearebothpartiestotheproceedings.

PartV CompulsoryLicensing

InterpretationofthisPart

22.Whereanexclusivelicenceisinforceinrelationtoanylayout -designrights,the provisionsofthisPartshallapplyasifreferencestot hequalifiedownerofthelayout -design rightswerereferencestotheexclusivelicensee.

UsebyGovernmentforPublicNon -CommercialPurpose

23.—(1)AnactdonebytheGovernment,orbyapersonauthorisedinwritingbythe Government,inrelationtoap rotectedlayout -designisnotaninfringementoftherightsofthe qualifiedownerinthelayout -designiftheactisdoneforapublicnon -commercialpurpose.





- (2) A nauthorisation referred to in subsection (1) may be given before or after the acts in respect of which it is given have been done.
- (3)prejudicetothegeneralityoftheexpression"publicnon -commercialpurpose",an actisdoneforapublicnon -commercialpurposeifitisdone
 - (a) for the defence or national security of Singapore; or
- (b) to assist in the exercise of powers and the implementation of civil defence measures during a state of emergency or state of civil defence emergency under the Civil Defence Act (Cap. 42).

Scope and Nature of Right Under Section 23

- **24.**—(1)Therighttodo anactinrelationtoaprotectedlayout -designpursuantto section23
 - (a)isbothnon -exclusive and non -assignable;
 - (b)islimitedtoapublicnon -commercialpurpose;
 - (c)issubject to the terms of any authorisation referred to in that section;
- (d) doesnot permit the sale of the layout -design acopy of the layout -design, or an integrated circuit in which the layout -design is incorporated (whether or not the integrated circuit is contained in another article) to the public; and
 - (e)islimitedtoth edoingoftheactpredominantlyinSingapore.
- (2) Anactdoneundersection 23 in relation to a protected layout taken into account in calculating the duration of protection of the layout section 7. -design is not to be -design referred to in section 7.

DutytoInfor mQualifiedOwner

- **25.**—(1)Whereanacthasbeendoneundersection23inrelationtoaprotected layout-design.theGovernmentshall —
- (a) if the act had been done in situations of national emergency or other circumstances of extreme urgency, as soon as easonably practicable inform the qualified owner that the act has been done; or
 - (b)inanyothercase,informthequalifiedownerpromptlythattheacthadbeendone.
- (2) The Government shall give to the qualified owner such information about the act as the qualified owner from time to time requires.
- (3)Nothinginsubsection(1)or(2)requires the Government to inform the qualified owner or disclose information to the qualified owner if doing so would or might reasonably be expected to prejudice the discovering the discover





QualifiedOwnerEntitledtoRemuneration

26.Whereanactisdoneundersection23inrelationtoaprotectedlayout -design,the Governmentshallpaysuchremunerationtothequalifiedowneroftheprotected layout-design—

(a)asisagreed;

- (b) as is determined by a method agreed between the Government and the qualified owner; or
- (c) in default of a greement, as is determined by the Courton the application of either of them.

LicencetoRemedyAnti -CompetitivePractice

- **27.**—(1)Apersonwhoclaimsthatherequiresalicencetodoanyactreferredtoin section8inrelationtoaprotectedlayout -designmayapplytotheCourtforthegrantofa licenceuponthegroundthatthegrantofthelicenceisnecessarytoremedya n anti-competitivepractice.
- (2)IftheCourtissatisfiedthatthegroundreferredtoinsubsection(1)isestablished, theCourtmaymakeanorderforthegrantofalicenceinaccordancewiththeapplication uponsuchtermsastheCourtthinksfit.
- (3)TheCourtshallspecifyintheordersuchremunerationtobepaidtothequalified ownerforthelicenceastheCourtconsidersreasonable.

ScopeandNatureofLicence

- **28.**—(1)Alicencegrantedundersection27is —
- (a)bothnon -exclusiveandnon -assignable;
- (b) subject to the payment to the qualified owner of the remuneration specified in the Court order under section 27(3).
- (2) Anactdone pursuant to a licence granted under section 27 in relation to a protected layout-designism to be taken into account in calculating the duration of protection of the layout-design referred to in section 7.

CourtMayDetermineLicence

29. Anylicencegrantedundersection27may,ontheapplicationofanyinterested party,beterminatedbytheCourtwheretheCo urtissatisfiedthatthegrounduponwhichthe licencewasgrantedceasedtoexist.





PartVI Miscellaneous

Rules

 ${\bf 30.} The Minister may make rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.$

Designation of Qualifying Countries

31.—(1)TheMinistermay,bynotificationinth*Gazette* ,designateacountryor territoryasaqualifyingcountryifheconsidersthatprovisionshavebeenorwillbemade underthelawsofthatcountryorterritorythatwillgivetoaqualifiedowneradequate protectioninthatcountryorterritoryinrespectofaprotectedlayout -designinwhichhehas rights.

(2) subsection(1), "qualified owner" means a person who is a qualified owner by virtue of a relationship to Singapore under the definition of "qualified owner by virtue" iedperson "in section 2."

ConsequentialAmendment

32.Section7(1)oftheCopyrightAct(Cap.63)isamendedbydeletingparagraph(c) ofthedefinitionof "artisticwork" and substituting the following paragraph:

(c)aworkofartisticcraftsmanshipto whichneitherparagraph(a)nor(b)applies,

butdoesnotincludealayout -designoranintegratedcircuitwithinthemeaningofsection2of theLayout -DesignsofIntegratedCircuitsAct1998.